



Results Briefing Materials for the Third Quarter of the Fiscal Year Ending March 31, 2025

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Agenda

- Topics
- Notice Regarding the Revision of Earnings Forecast
- Explanation of Consolidated Financial Results
- · Outlook for the Future
- Stock Information
- Appendix



Topics

December 20, 2024

·Notice Regarding the Establishment of Tokyo Headquarters (Dual Headquarters System)

January 15, 2024

·Notice of Signing a Basic Agreement for Stock Acquisition and Subsidiary Establishment

February 3, 2025

·Notice of Changes to the Board of Directors and Executive Officers

February 10, 2025

·Notice Regarding the Revision of Earnings Forecast

In addition to the above, various releases. IR information is available on our website. https://corp.takamiya.co/en/ir/



Notice Regarding the Revision of Earnings Forecast



Notice Regarding the Revision of Earnings Forecast

Details of the Revision of the Consolidated Earnings Forecast for the Fiscal Year Ending March 31, 2025

| | Initial Forecast | Revised Forecast | Amount of Change | Rate of Change | Previous Period Actual | Comparison to Previous Period Rate of Change |
|---|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|----------------|------------------------|---|
| Net Sales | 49,500 million yen | 44, 500 million yen | -5,000 million yen | -10.1 % | 44,127 million yen | +0.8 % |
| Operating Income | 3,600 million yen | 2,200 million yen | -1,400 million yen | -38.9 % | 3,404 million yen | -35.4 % |
| Ordinary Income | 3,220 million yen | 1,950 million yen | -1,270 million yen | -39.4 % | 3,580 million yen | -45.5 % |
| Profit attributable to owners of parent | 2,000 million yen | 1,350 million yen | -650 million yen | -32.5 % | 1,887 million yen | -28.5 % |
| Earnings per share Diluted earnings per share | 42.93 yen | 29.23 yen | - | - | 40.53 yen | - |

Factors Behind the Deviation from the Initial Assumptions and the Current Situation

| | Deviation from the Initial Assumptions | Current Status and Actions Taken |
|--------------|--|---|
| Net Sales | Due to the delay in the commencement of large-scale projects, including the Hokkaido Shinkansen extension construction, rental volumes fell short of expectations, and the delivery schedule for sales and OPE-MANE projects, which were initially planned for purchase before the project start, was similarly delayed. | It is expected that rental usage and purchases, including OPE-MANE projects, will be concentrated in the next period in alignment with the commencement of construction. |
| | In addition to upfront investments in human capital, such as improvements in compensation to secure talent and labor cost reductions for equipment bases, as well as advancing DX investments, significant improvements in productivity during the current period were not achieved. | We will utilize our unique coin system, which facilitates the use of personnel across departments, to address the labor shortage and improve efficiency. Additionally, we will continue to steadily advance our DX initiatives. |
| COGS SG&A | Investments increased to enhance customer value, improve productivity through mechanization and automation, and expand the platform business. | By understanding customer needs and considering necessity and priority, we will execute investments to expand the platform's capabilities. |
| | A temporary increase in expenses occurred due to the depreciation of the yen and a review of retirement allowances for the executives of subsidiaries." | This will be considered as a temporary expense for the current period. |



Explanation of Consolidated Financial Results



1.1 Consolidated Financial Results

Due to the postponement of the anticipated large-scale project, we were unable to fully absorb the increased costs from human capital and capital investments, resulting in a decrease in profits.

| Consolidated Financial Results | 3Q FYE March 31, 2025 Results | | Previous fiscal year 3Q FYE March 31, 2024 Results | | YoY comparison |
|--|----------------------------------|--------------------|--|--------------------|-------------------|
| | | Ratio to net sales | | Ratio to net sales | |
| Net sales | 32,335 | 100.0% | 32,183 | 100.0% | +0.5% |
| Gross profit | 10,422 | 32.2% | 10,555 | 32.8% | -1.3% |
| SG&A | 9,105 | 28.2% | 8,150 | 25.3% | +11.7% |
| Operating income | 1,316 | 4.1% | 2,405 | 7.5% | -45.3% |
| Ordinary income | 1,209 | 3.7% | 2,526 | 7.8% | -52.1% |
| Profit attributable to owners of parent | 867 | 2.7% | 1,727 | 5.4% | -49.8% |
| Earnings per share Diluted earnings per share | 18.72 yen (18.00yen) | - | 37.08 yen (35.70 yen) | - | - |
| Depreciation | 4,298 | 13.2% | 4,037 | 12.5% | +6.4% |
| EBITDA | 5,615 | 17.3% | 6,443 | 20.0% | -12.8% |

Factors Affecting Consolidated Performance

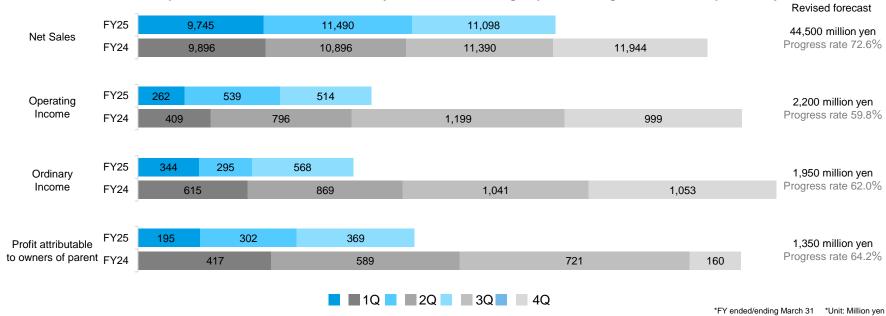
- Revenue was sluggish due to the delay in the commencement of the anticipated Hokkaido Shinkansen-related projects and other large infrastructure projects.
- Costs increased compared to the same period last year. This includes approximately 578 million yen in personnel expenses due to investments in human capital, and a 261 million yen increase in depreciation costs, including rental asset depreciation for expanding platform services (both cost of sales and SG&A expenses).
- Temporary costs included provisions for retirement benefits for directors at subsidiaries due to revisions in regulations, cost increases from the weaker yen, and expenses related to the grand opening ceremony of Takamiya Lab. West.

*Unit: Million yen



1.2 Progress

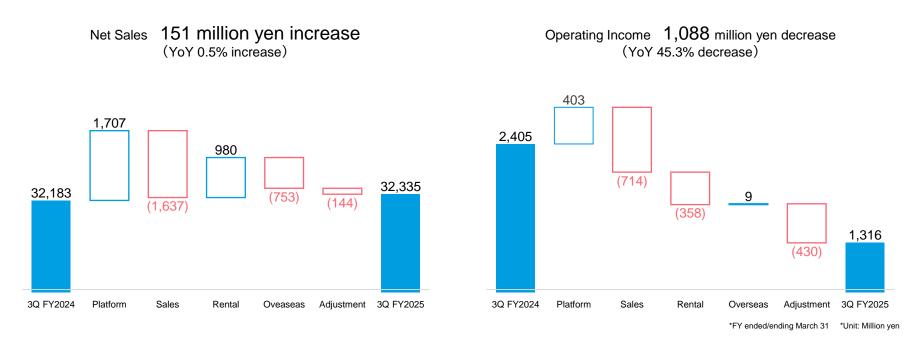
The impact of reduced revenue due to the delay in the commencement of anticipated projects and the cost increase from upfront investments and human capital investments could not be fully absorbed, resulting in profits being lower than the previous year.





1.3 Comparison of consolidated performance indicators with the same period of the previous year

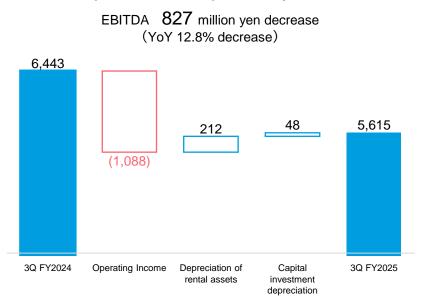
The newly established business segment, the platform business, achieved significant growth in both revenue and profit.

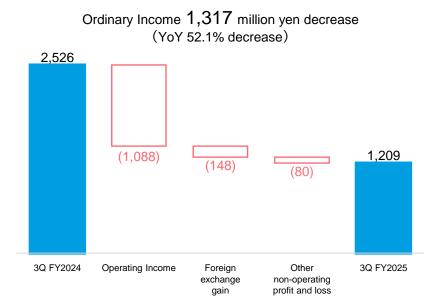




1.4 Comparison of consolidated performance indicators with the same period of the previous year

Due to the execution of investments aimed at expanding platform services, depreciation expenses increased, while foreign exchange gains decreased compared to the same period last year.

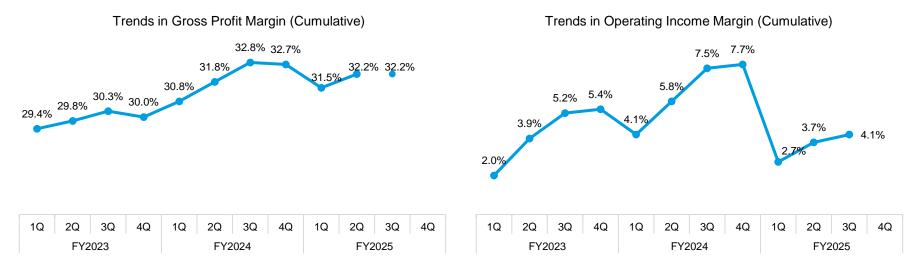






1.5 Trends in Gross Profit Margin and Operating Income Margin

Due to the increase in depreciation expenses from rental asset investments aimed at expanding platform services, the gross profit margin decreased compared to the previous period. As a result of steadily executing investments in human capital and equipment, costs increased, leading to a decline in operating income margin.



*FY ended/ending March 31



2. Cumulative results by segment (April 2024 to December 2024)

2.1 Summary of Results by Segment

While the platform business saw significant growth, the sales business stagnated in terms of profitability.

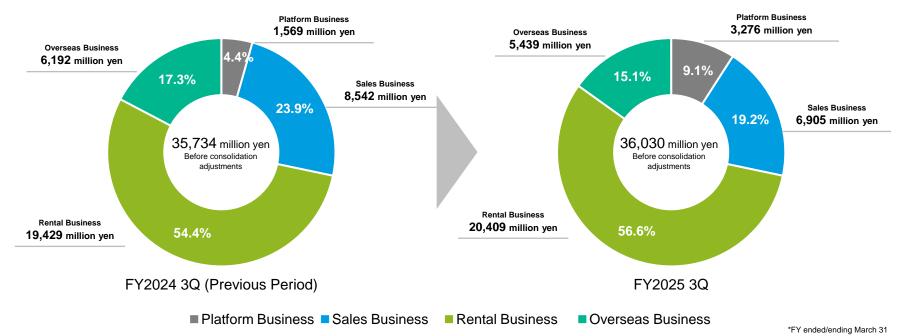
| | Segment Sales | | | Segment Operating Income(margin) | | |
|----------|---------------|-----------|----------|----------------------------------|------------------|----------|
| | 3Q FY2024 | 3Q FY2025 | YoY | 3Q FY2024 | 3Q FY2025 | YoY |
| Platform | 1,569 | 3,276 | +108.8 % | 215 (13.7%) | 619 (18.9%) | +187.5% |
| Sales | 8,542 | 6,905 | (19.2) % | 1,001 (11.7%) | 287 (4.2%) | (71.3) % |
| Rental | 19,429 | 20,409 | +5.0 % | 2,667 (13.7%) | 2,309 (11.3%) | (13.4) % |
| overseas | 6,192 | 5,439 | (12.2) % | 328 (5.3%) | 338 (6.2%) | +3.0 % |



2. Cumulative results by segment (April 2024 to December 2024)

2.2 Change in Segment Revenue Composition Ratio

The proportion of revenue from the platform business has increased, accelerating the shift towards a recurring business model.

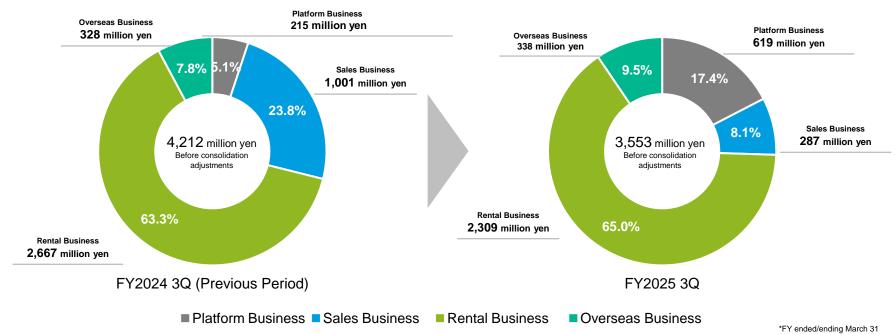




3. Cumulative results by segment (April 2024 to December 2024)

3.3 Change in Segment Operating Income Composition Ratio

The proportion of operating income from the platform business has increased, accelerating the shift towards a recurring business model.





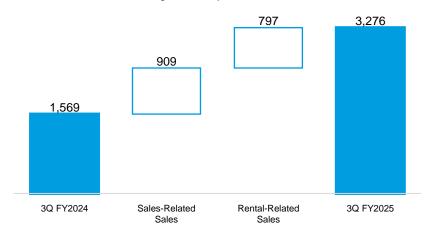
3. Platform Business

3.1 Factors behind changes from the same period of the previous fiscal year

Due to the delay in the commencement of expected projects, the number of new OPE-MANE contracts and contract value struggled to grow. However, revenue expanded due to additional contracts and an increase in the use of ancillary services.

Segment Sales 1,707 million yen increase (YOY 108.8% increase)

- Increase in additional contracts from OPE-MANE users
- Increase in rental of missing materials by OPE-MANE users



Segment Operating income 404 million yen (YOY 187.5% increase)

- The promotion of service usage led to an increase in gross profit.
- Selling, general, and administrative expenses, including labor costs, operating expenses, and depreciation, increased.



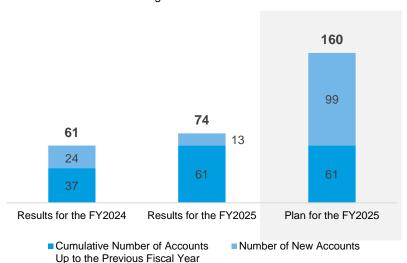


3. Platform Business

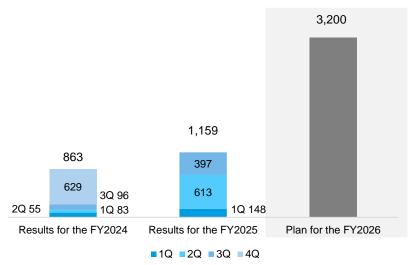
3.2 Number of OPE-MANE Contract Subscribers and Contract Order Value

The number of accounts slightly increased, but the contract value grew due to additional contracts from existing accounts.

Number of OPE-MANE Accounts for the FY2025 New Contracts: 13 companies / Planned Increase: 99 companies Progress Rate: 13.1%



OPE-MANE Contract Order Value for the FY2025 Actual Contract Order Value: 1,159 million yen/ Planned: 3,200 million yen Progress Rate: 36.2%



*FY ended/ending March 31

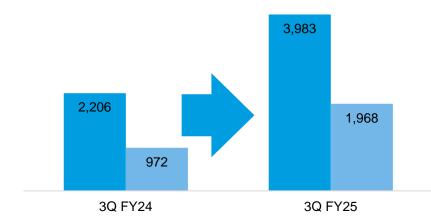


3. Platform Business

3.3 Trends in OPE-MANE Contract Volume and Rental Usage by OPE-MANE Users

With the Increase in OPE-MANE Contract Equipment, Rental Revenue (Recurring Revenue) from OPE-MANE Users Has Increased

Cumulative OPE-MANE Contract Volume and Rental Revenue from Users



- ■Cumulative OPE-MANE Contract Volume
- Rental Revenue from OPE-MANE Users (Cumulative for the Period)

Increase in Recurring Revenue from OPE-MANE

Increase in Contract Volume (Year-on-Year +¥1,777 million)

Increase in Rental Revenue (Recurring Revenue) (Year-on-Year +¥996 million)

As the number of OPE-MANE users and cumulative contract volume grow, rental usage of peripheral materials and shortage materials has increased. Additionally, for excess or shortage materials, adjustments can be made through buy-and-sell transactions using Iq-Bid.

→ As OPE-MANE users continue to purchase and rent Iq systems, recurring revenue increases.

Note: The Iq System used with OPE-MANE is not compatible with other temporary equipment, and cannot be combined with anything other than the Iq system. Additionally, rentals can now be shipped from a single location.



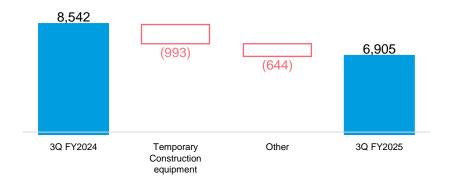
4. Sales Business

4.1 Factors behind changes from the same period of the previous fiscal year

Due to delays in the start of construction caused by labor shortages, the outlook remains uncertain, leading to postponed purchases and a shift in procurement methods towards rentals.

Segment Sales 1,637 million yen decrease (YoY 19.2% decrease)

- Due to the impact of construction delays, the procurement of temporary equipment is skewed towards rentals.
- There are no large-scale projects in the environmental sector, and as a result of the business review, sales of building materials and structural materials have decreased.



Segment Operating income 714 million yen decrease (YoY 71.3% decrease)

- The decrease in revenue had a significant impact, leading to a reduction in gross profit.
- As a result of executing investments in human capital, labor costs increased, and selling, general, and administrative expenses also rose.

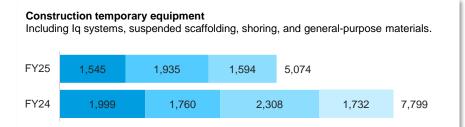


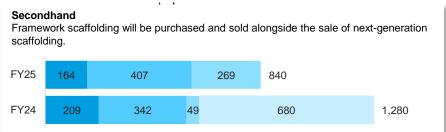


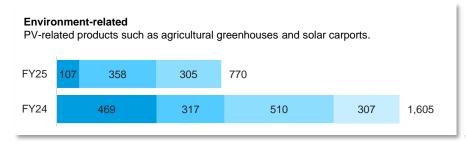
4. Sales Business

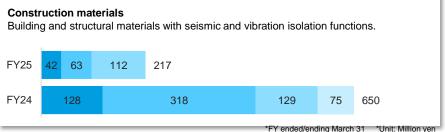
4.2 Sales by Sector

Considering the situation where it is difficult to predict the start of construction due to labor shortages, the use of rentals increased. In the environmental sector, revenue decreased as large-scale projects could not be secured.











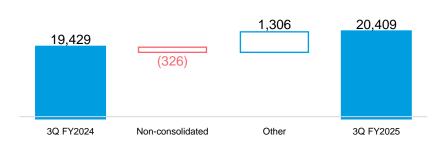
5. Rental business

5.1 Factors behind changes from the same period of the previous fiscal year

Due to delays in the commencement of expected projects and other large-scale infrastructure-related construction, rental volume fell short of expectations, and the increase in SG&A expenses could not be fully absorbed, resulting in a decrease in profit.

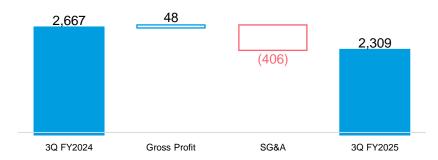
Segment Sales 980 million yen increase (YoY 5.0% increase)

- The commencement of Hokkaido Shinkansen-related construction was delayed, and rental volume fell short of expectations.
- From this consolidated fiscal year, with Eco-Try Co., Ltd. being included as a consolidated subsidiary, the overall result for the subsidiary exceeded the previous year's same period.



Segment Operating income 358 million yen decrease (YoY 13.4% decrease)

- Although depreciation expenses for rental assets increased, the effect of rental price revisions led to an improvement in the gross profit margin.
- In addition to recording retirement allowances for executives of group companies in Q2, labor costs increased due to the execution of human capital investments, leading to a rise in selling, general, and administrative expenses.

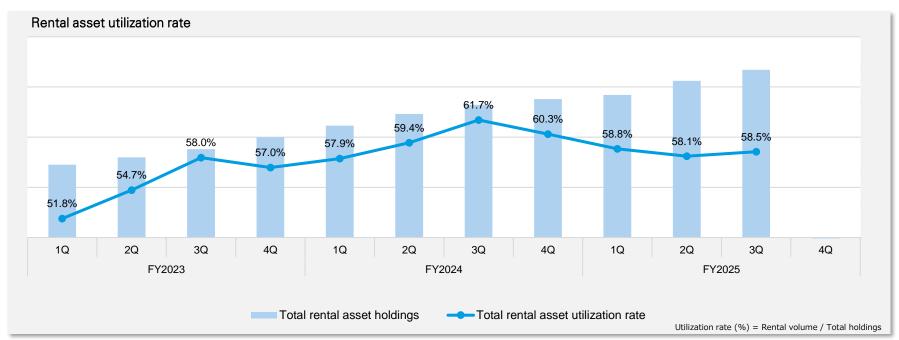




5. Rental business

5.2 Utilization Rates by Rental Asset Classification

In addition to the increase in the total amount of rental assets held, the delay of anticipated projects led to a decrease in the utilization rate.

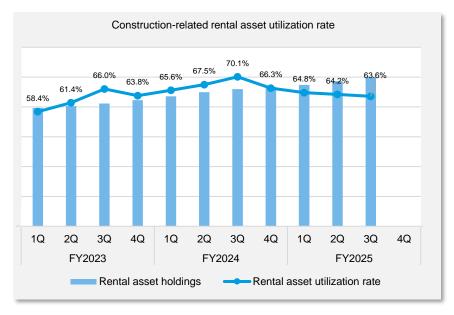


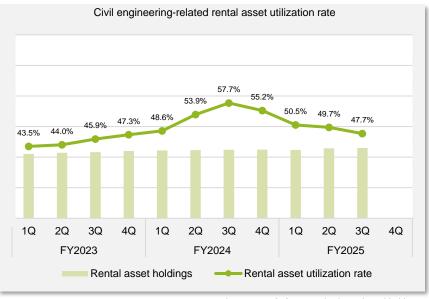


5. Rental business

5.3 Utilization Rates by Rental Asset Classification

In addition to the increase in the total amount of rental assets held, the return of civil engineering-related equipment also increased, leading to a decrease in the overall utilization rate.





Utilization rate (%) = Rental volume / Total holdings



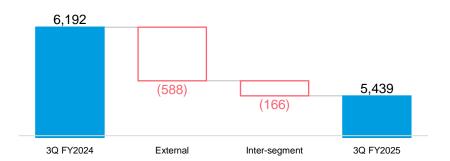
6. Overseas business

6.1 Factors behind changes from the same period of the previous fiscal year

Sales within the group by the Vietnam factory are progressing as planned.

Segment Sales **753** million yen decrease (YoY 12.2% decrease)

- Sales within the group by the Vietnam factory are progressing steadily.
- In South Korea, construction activities slowed down after the change in administration, resulting in a decrease in revenue.
- In the Philippines, revenue decreased due to the loss of anticipated panel infrastructurerelated projects.



Segment Operating income **9** million yen increase (YoY 3.0% increase)

 Due to exchange rate fluctuations, the cost ratio improved, leading to an increase in gross profit.

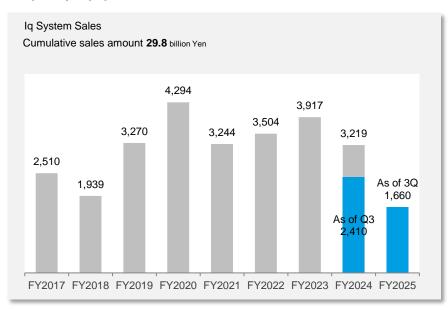


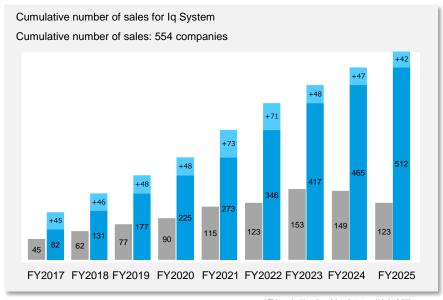


7. "Iq System" Numerical Indicators

7.1 Iq System adoption status

Due to the impact of construction delays caused by labor shortages, there is a tendency to utilize flexible rental options for procuring temporary equipment.



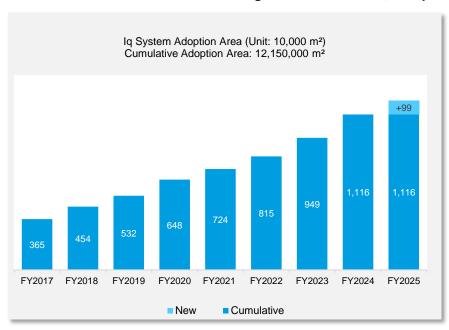


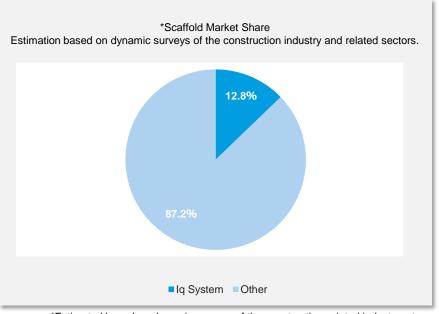


7. "Iq System" Numerical Indicators

7.2 Iq System adoption status

With the increase in rental asset holdings and sales volume, the spread of scaffolding is also progressing.





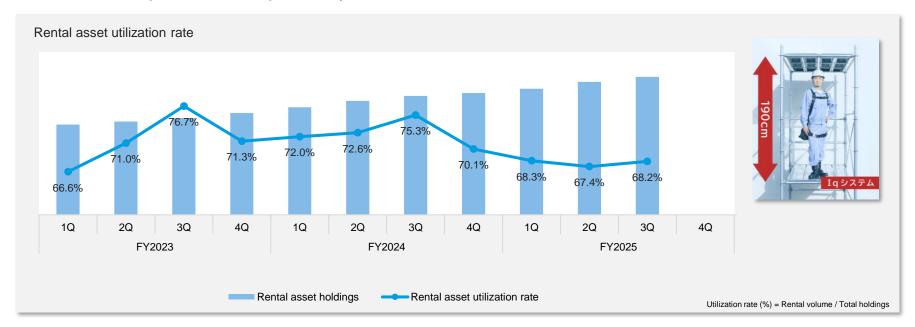
*Estimated based on dynamic surveys of the construction-related industry, etc.



7. "Iq System" Numerical Indicators

7.3 lq System utilization rate trend

Due to the increase in rental asset holdings and the impact of selective order-taking implemented to improve profit margins, the utilization rate is below both the plan and the same period last year.



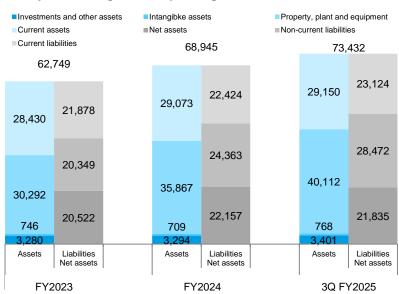


8. Consolidated Balance Sheets

8.1 Changes in major accounts

To enhance platform functionality, we will strengthen the supply capabilities of services and products. Moving forward, production will be carried out while considering inventory levels and making adjustments as necessary, with the goal of improving ROIC.

| Current assets | Cash and deposits: 8,350 million yen (+564 million yen) Notes and accounts receivable-trade: 10,312 million yen (-1,721 million yen) Inventories: 9,958million yen (+1,020 million yen) | In preparation for the rising demand for OPE-MANE, planned production was carried out; however, as sales volume fell short of expectations, inventory increased. | |
|--|--|---|--|
| Non- current assets | Rental assets, net: 20,831 million yen (+2,591million yen) Buildings and structures (net): 6,706 million yen (+1,250 million yen) Land: 9,521 million yen (+462 million yen) | To strengthen the service capabilities centered around the IQ system, which is the core of our services, rental asset investments were executed. With the establishment of Takamiya Lab. and Base, buildings, structures, and land increased. | |
| Current liabilities Non-current liabilities | Short-term loans payable: 5,038 million yen (+1,051 million yen) Current portion of long-term loans payable: 6,574 million yen (+782 million yen) Bonds payable: 5,557 million yen(-400 million yen) Long-term loans payable: 19,615 million yen (+4,873 million yen) | To carry out various investments aimed at expanding platform capabilities, borrowing increased. | |
| Net assets | Total shareholders' equity: 20,702 million yen (-145 million yen) | The number of treasury shares increased. | |



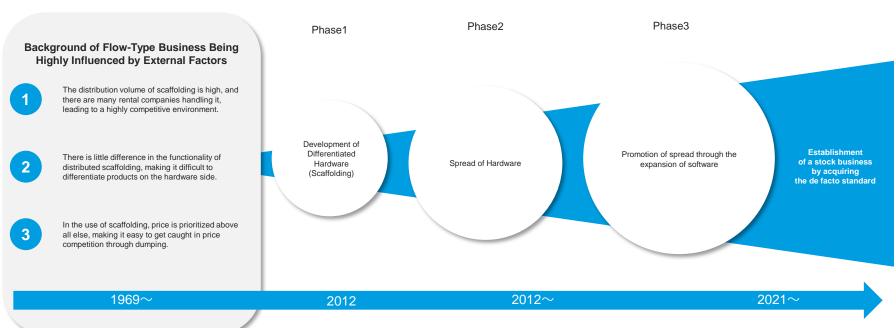
*The figures in parentheses indicate the change from the end of the previous period *FY ended/ending March 31 *Unit: Million yen





De Facto Standard Strategy for Transitioning to a Stock-Based Business

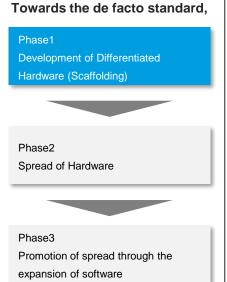
We will advance the reform of hardware and the expansion of software, aiming to break away from the traditional rental business.

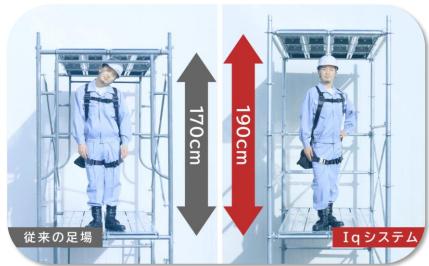




De Facto Standard Strategy for Transitioning to a Stock-Based Business

By transforming the scaffolding regulations that have remained unchanged for over half a century, we aim to differentiate on the hardware side and create a stepping stone toward a stock-based business.





Iq System

Development of a new standard system scaffold

Development of a new standard system scaffold

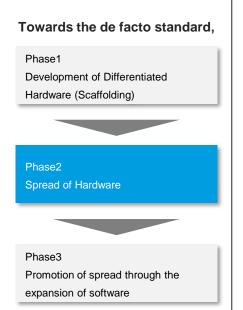
- By increasing the floor height by 20 cm compared to traditional scaffolding, a wider work space is secured.
- The lightweight components reduce the assembly burden
- The gap-free work platform prevents tripping, falling, and falling objects.
- Components can be stored compactly, and along with the reduction in weight, the number of transport units is reduced.

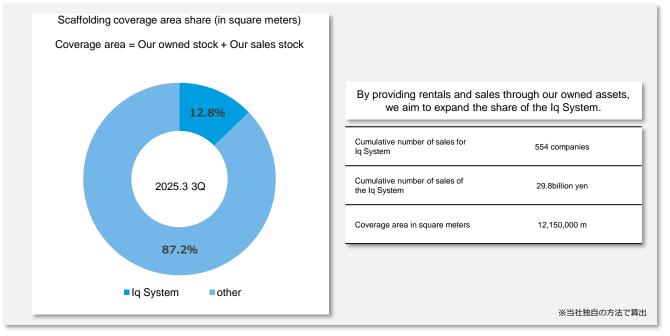


De Facto Standard Strategy for Transitioning to a Stock-Based Business

By increasing both sales and rental assets within our company, we aim to expand our market share and strive to become the de facto

standard.



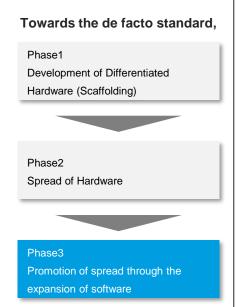


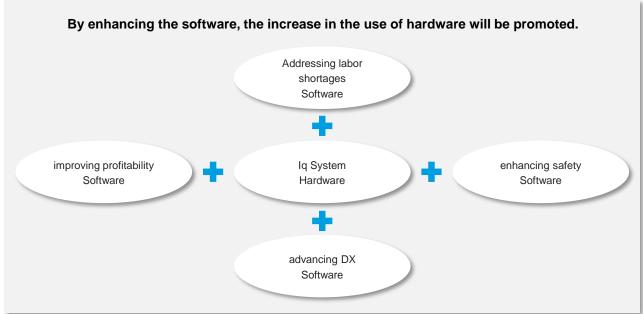


De Facto Standard Strategy for Transitioning to a Stock-Based Business

By expanding solutions (software) that contribute to solving customer challenges, we will promote the spread of the hardware, the Iq

System.

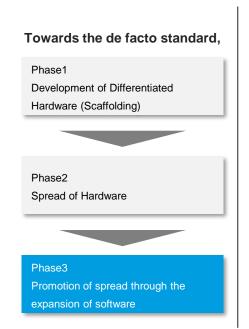


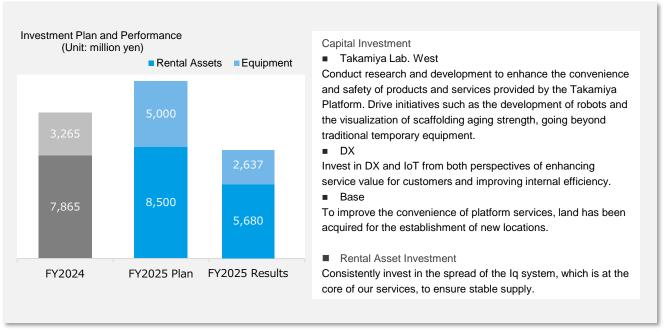




De Facto Standard Strategy for Transitioning to a Stock-Based Business

To expand the platform's functionality, various investments, including in DX and Takamiya Lab., are being made.



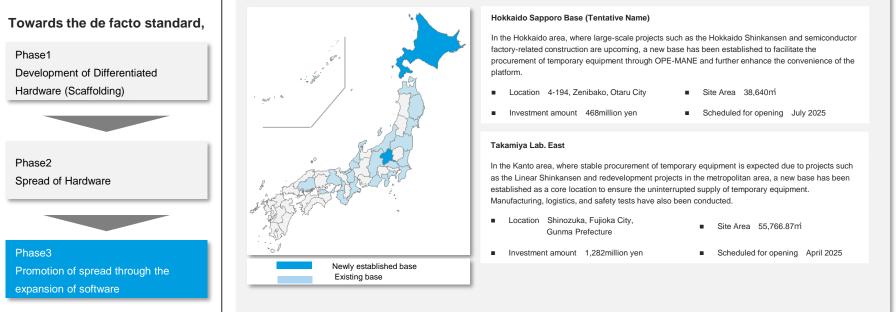




De Facto Standard Strategy for Transitioning to a Stock-Based Business

To maximize the convenience of OPE-MANE, a new base has been established in areas with high construction demand to promote its

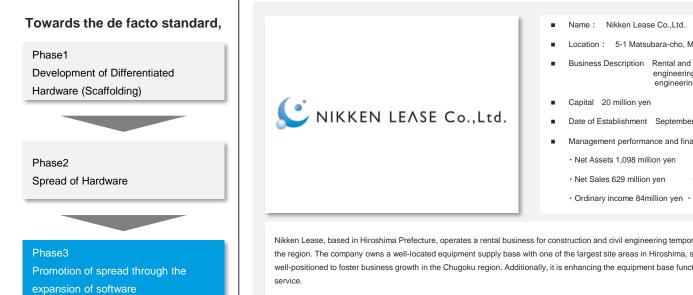
expansion.





De Facto Standard Strategy for Transitioning to a Stock-Based Business

To maximize the convenience of OPE-MANE, we will conduct an M&A of a subsidiary that will serve as the core of the Chugoku-Shikoku area, collaborate with group companies, and aim for business growth in the plant-related sector.



Location: 5-1 Matsubara-cho, Minami Ward, Hiroshima City, Hiroshima Prefecture. Business Description Rental and sales of temporary construction and civil engineering equipment, as well as construction and civil engineering machinery. Date of Establishment September 8, 1979 Management performance and financial position for the most recent fiscal period Total Assets 1,370million yen · Operating Income 34million yen · Ordinary income 84million yen · Profit attributable to owners of parent 61million yen

Nikken Lease, based in Hiroshima Prefecture, operates a rental business for construction and civil engineering temporary equipment and holds a high market share within the region. The company owns a well-located equipment supply base with one of the largest site areas in Hiroshima, suitable for supplying temporary equipment, and is well-positioned to foster business growth in the Chugoku region. Additionally, it is enhancing the equipment base functions to improve the convenience of the OPE-MANE



Outlook for the Future

Large-scale projects, including infrastructure-related construction such as the Shinkansen, Expo, IR, and semiconductor factories, are upcoming.

| Sh Op Ka | okuriku ninkansen pening of anazawa-Tsuruga ction | World Exposition (Osaka) | TOKAI KANJO EXPWY Opening of the entire line | Shin-Meishin Expressway Yawata Kyotanabe - Takatsuki | Linear Central Shinkansen Opened between Nagoya and Shin- Osaka Opening of Hokkaido Shinkansen Hokuriku Shinkansen Between Tsuruga and Shin-Osaka Full-scale construction starts | Shin-Meishin Expressway opens Otsu – Joyo Osaka Monorail extension Kadoma City - Uryudo Osaka Integrated Resort Scheduled to open |
|----------------|---|-----------------------------|---|---|--|---|
| 20 |)24 | 2025 | 2026 | 2027 | 2030- | |

Infrastructure renovation project

- Large-scale renewal of the capital (up to 2040)
- Large-scale renewal of four expressways (up to 2020)
- Large-scale renewal of Hanshin Expressway (up to 2029)

Korea

- Greater Tokyo Area Express Railway (GTX)
- Railway Underground Integration and Development Plan

Philippines

- Metro Manila Subway
- Davao City Bypass
- Pasig-Marikina River Rehabilitation
- Seismic Reinforcement of Key Bridges in Metro Manila

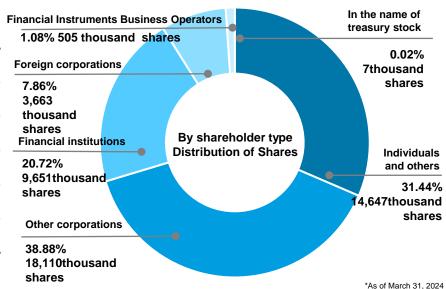




Basic Information

Stock Information

| Listed on | Tokyo Stock Exchange Prime Market |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Securities code | 2445 |
| Share Unit | 100 shares |
| Number of shares issued | 46,585,600 shares |
| PER | 14.33 times (as of March 31, 2024) |
| PBR | 0.88 times (as of December 31, 2024) |





Number of Shareholders and Shareholder Composition

The number of shareholders is on an increasing trend, with a rising proportion of corporate and foreign entities.

| | End of March 2022 | End of March 2023 | End of March 2024 | End of September 2024 |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|
| Number of shareholders at end of the period | 4,052 | 4,159 | 4,704 | 5,061 |
| Shareholder Composition | | | | |
| Government and Local Governments | 0.00 % | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% |
| Financial institutions | 22.12 % | 20.67% | 19.68% | 20.72% |
| Financial Instruments Business Operators | 0.61 % | 0.90% | 1.29% | 1.08% |
| Other corporations | 23.88 % | 24.86% | 32.21% | 38.88% |
| Foreign corporations | 6.78 % | 6.90% | 9.67% | 7.86% |
| Individuals and others | 46.59 % | 46.65% | 37.15% | 31.44% |
| Treasury stock | 0.02 % | 0.02% | 0.02% | 0.02% |
| Of which, number of shares established in investment trusts | 10.64 % | 8.35% | 7.89% | 7.86% |
| Number of shares established in pension trusts | 0.68 % | 1.07% | 1.06% | 1.06% |



Cash dividends

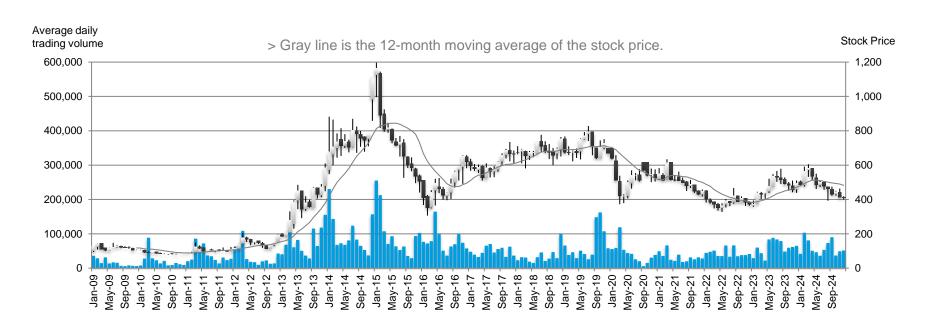
For the current period, the interim dividend is 6 yen per share, and the year-end dividend will consist of a regular dividend of 8 yen plus a commemorative dividend of 2 yen, for a total of 10 yen. The total annual dividend is planned to be 16 yen.

| | FYE March 31, 2021 | | FYE March 31, 2023 | FYE March 31, 2024 | FYE March 31, 2025 | |
|---|---|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--|
| Dividends | Dividends 14 yen | | 14 yen | 14 yen | 16 yen | |
| 1Q | - | - | - | - | - | |
| 2Q | 6.0 yen | 6.0 yen | 6.0 yen | 6.0 yen | 6.0 yen (Paid) | |
| 3Q | - | - | - | - | - | |
| 4Q | 8.0 yen | 8.0 yen | 8.0 yen | 8.0 yen | 10.0 yen (Planned) | |
| Total amount of dividends | 651 million yen | 652 million yen | 652 million yen | 652 million yen | - | |
| Dividend payout ratio | 76.0% | 67.5% | 44.6% | 34.5% | - | |
| Share buyback | 0 yen | 0 yen | 0 yen | 0 yen | - | |
| Total return ratio | 76.0% | 67.5% | 44.6% | 34.5% | - | |
| Dividends on equity (Dividend payout ratio x ROE) | Dividends on equity (Dividend payout ratio x ROE) 3.6% | | 3.3% | 3.1% | - | |
| ROE | 4.7% | 5.2% | 7.6% | 9.1% | - | |



Stock Price Range

Stock price as of December 31: ¥409, Average daily trading volume: ¥25,281 thousand (from January 4, 2024 to December 31, 2024).





IR Calendar

IR Calendar



IR activities

- Holding of financial results briefing and distribution of videos
- English disclosure of the Company's financial results, financial results briefing materials, and timely disclosure releases (part)
- Publication of Integrated Report (Japanese and English), Publication on the Web
- Publication of Analyst Report (Japanese and English)
- Disclosure of non-financial information (included in the Integrated Report and posted on the Web)
- Proactive information disclosure based on dialogue with investors
- Briefings for individual investors
- 1on1 Meeting (face-to-face, telephone conference, web conference)



Appendix



Purpose of the New Business Segment

Starting from the fiscal year ending March 2025, the company will enhance the transparency of the Takamiya Platform and visualize business growth by disclosing the platform business as a separate segment and changing the reporting segments. The platform business extracts relevant revenue from the sales and rental businesses, clearly indicating the shift from a rental-focused business portfolio to one centered around the platform business.

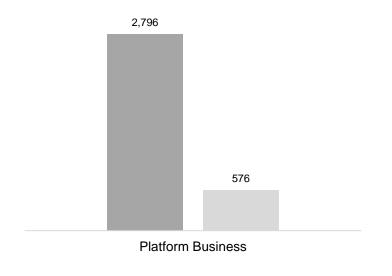
| Before Segment Ch | nange for the FYE March 31, 2024 | Extracted from the Sales and Rental Business | After Segment Change for the FYE March 31, 2024 | | | |
|-------------------|---|---|---|--|--|--|
| Sales Business | Net Sales: 12,597 million yen Operating Income: 1,701 million yen | | Platform Business | Net Sales: 2,796 million yen Operating Income: 576 million yen | | |
| | | | Sales Business | Net Sales: 11,338 million yen Operating Income: 1,290 million yen | | |
| Rental Business | Net Sales: 28,214 million yen Operating Income: 3,691 million yen | Amount Transferred from the Sales Business Net Sales : 1,259million yen Operating Income : 411million yen Amount Transferred | Rental Business | Net Sales:26, 705 million yen Operating Income:3,654 million yen | | |
| Overseas Business | Net Sales: 7,897 million yen Operating Income: 320 million yen | from the Rental Business Net Sales : 1,509million yen Operating Income : 37million yen | Overseas Business | Net Sales: 7,897 million yen Operating Income: 320 million yen | | |



Details of the Platform Business

Revenue from providing solutions to customers facing challenges such as resource shortages

Segment Performance for the FYE March 31, 2024 (Previous Period)



Amount Transferred to the Platform Business

Sales Business

Sales: ¥1,259 million | Operating Income: ¥411 million

Rental Business

Sales: ¥1,509 million | Operating Income : ¥37 million

Segment Composition

·Revenue from the sale and rental of Iq Systems to OPE-MANE users

(Extracted from the sales and rental businesses)

·Other revenue from platform solutions

(Sales commissions from Iq-Bid ← Extracted from the sales business)

(Data provision via BIMCIM, safety training, etc. ← Extracted from the rental business)

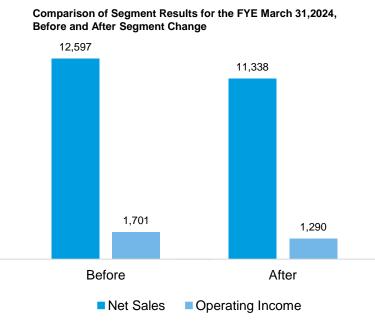
■ Net Sales ■ Operating Income



Details of the Sales Business

Sales of Temporary Equipment-related Products to Non-OPE-MANE Users,

Including Environmental Products such as Agricultural and PV-related Items, as well as Structural Materials



Segment Composition

Before

- Temporary equipment-related sales
- (including sales of Iq Systems based on OPE-MANE service usage and commission revenue from Iq-Bid)
- •Sales of environmental products such as agricultural and PV-related items, and structural materials
- ·Sales of used products

After

- •Temporary equipment-related sales
- (excluding sales of Iq Systems based on OPE-MANE service usage and commission revenue from Iq-Bid)
- •Sales of environmental products such as agricultural and PV-related items, and structural materials
- ·Sales of used products

Changes

The sales of Iq Systems based on OPE-MANE service usage and the commission revenue from Iq-Bid have been transferred to the platform business. As a result, the sales of Iq Systems included in the temporary equipment-related sales have decreased. Additionally, commission revenue from Iq-Bid has also been transferred to the platform business.

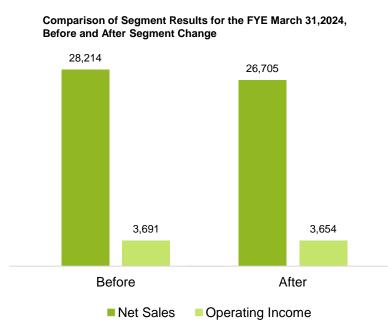
Sales Transferred to the Platform Business

1. Sales of Iq systems based on OPE-MANE service usage and commission revenue from Iq-Bid



Details of the Rental Business

Starting the Rental of Temporary Equipment and Providing Ancillary Services such as Drawing Design and Labor (Construction Services)



Segment Composition

Before

- •Rental revenue from temporary equipment for construction and civil engineering projects (Including additional rental revenue from Iq Systems and general materials for OPE-MANE users)
- •Ancillary revenue from rentals, including charges for drawing fees, labor, and transportation costs (Including data provision fees from BIMCIM and spatial measurement, as well as safety training fees)

After

- •Rental revenue from temporary equipment for construction and civil engineering projects (Excluding additional rental revenue from Iq Systems and general materials for OPE-MANE users)
- Ancillary revenue from rentals, including charges for drawing fees, labor, and transportation costs
 (Excluding data provision fees from BIMCIM and spatial measurement, as well as safety training fees)

Changes

•The additional rental revenue from Iq Systems and general materials for OPE-MANE users has been transferred to the Platform Business. As existing customers shift from renting temporary equipment to using OPE-MANE, the related revenue has moved to the platform business. Consequently, rental revenue from Iq Systems for construction-related projects has decreased, while the proportion of revenue from civil engineering-related projects has increased.

Sales Transferred to the Platform Business

- 1.Additional rental revenue from Iq Systems and general materials for OPE-MANE users
- 2.Data provision fees from BIMCIM and spatial measurement, as well as safety training fees



Details of the Overseas Business

Business Revenue from Subsidiaries in South Korea, Vietnam, and the Philippines

Segment Performance for the FYE March 31, 2024 (Previous Period)



■ Net Sales ■ Operating Income



Financial Highlights

| | FY2012 | FY2013 | FY2014 | FY2015 | FY2016 | FY2017 | FY2018 | FY2019 | FY2020 | FY2021 | FY2022 | FY2023 | FY2024 |
|---|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Net sales | 23,201 | 28,113 | 32,443 | 34,261 | 34,350 | 36,763 | 36,114 | 42,182 | 46,055 | 38,812 | 39,800 | 41,894 | 44,127 |
| Gross profit on sales | 7,202 | 8,196 | 9,832 | 10,856 | 11,291 | 10,991 | 10,431 | 12,132 | 14,014 | 10,996 | 11,181 | 12,587 | 14,428 |
| SG&A expenses | 6,165 | 6,590 | 6,781 | 7,758 | 8,307 | 8,561 | 8,740 | 9,418 | 10,311 | 9,410 | 9,499 | 10,334 | 11,023 |
| Operating Income (1) | 1,037 | 1,605 | 3,051 | 3,098 | 2,983 | 2,429 | 1,690 | 2,713 | 3,703 | 1,586 | 1,682 | 2,253 | 3,404 |
| Ordinary income | 1,080 | 1,553 | 3,006 | 3,325 | 2,731 | 2,337 | 1,610 | 2,662 | 3,541 | 1,569 | 1,954 | 2,400 | 3,580 |
| Profit attributable to owners of parent | 755 | 807 | 1,768 | 2,070 | 2,153 | 1,516 | 1,252 | 1,637 | 2,370 | 857 | 965 | 1,415 | 1,887 |
| Depreciation (CF) ② | 3,088 | 3,280 | 3,369 | 3,649 | 4,137 | 4,502 | 4,662 | 4,777 | 4,804 | 4,815 | 4,784 | 5,140 | 5,430 |
| EBITDA(①+②) | 4,126 | 4,886 | 6,421 | 6,747 | 7,120 | 6,932 | 6,353 | 7,491 | 8,508 | 6,402 | 6,466 | 7,393 | 8,835 |
| ROE (Return on equity) | 12.7% | 12.2% | 21.5% | 19.8% | 18.5% | 12.6% | 9.8% | 12.0% | 14.7% | 4.7% | 5.2% | 7.3% | 9.1% |
| Net income to net sales | 3.3% | 2.9% | 5.4% | 6.0% | 6.3% | 4.1% | 3.5% | 3.9% | 5.1% | 2.2% | 2.4% | 3.4% | 4.2% |
| Total assets turnover | 0.7 | 0.8 | 0.9 | 0.8 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 |
| Financial leverage | 5.2 | 4.9 | 3.9 | 3.8 | 4.3 | 4.3 | 4.0 | 3.8 | 3.5 | 3.2 | 3.1 | 3.0 | 3.3 |
| ROA | 3.5% | 4.7% | 8.4% | 8.2% | 5.8% | 4.5% | 3.1% | 5.0% | 6.2% | 2.7% | 3.4% | 3.9% | 5.4% |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

*FY ended/ending March 31 *Unit: Million yen



Financial Highlights

| | FY2012 | FY2013 | FY2014 | FY2015 | FY2016 | FY2017 | FY2018 | FY2019 | FY2020 | FY2021 | FY2022 | FY2023 | FY2024 |
|--------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Current assets | 12,202 | 13,725 | 15,892 | 18,213 | 19,769 | 20,557 | 20,136 | 22,781 | 26,408 | 24,907 | 26,681 | 28,430 | 29,073 |
| Non Current assets | 20,269 | 20,262 | 21,353 | 25,307 | 30,321 | 32,203 | 32,677 | 31,632 | 32,873 | 31,547 | 32,399 | 34,318 | 39,871 |
| Current liabilities | 12,351 | 14,117 | 15,356 | 18,070 | 21,365 | 20,606 | 20,991 | 20,302 | 21,730 | 19,554 | 20,035 | 21,878 | 22,424 |
| Short-term loans payable | 417 | 416 | 1,200 | 3,168 | 4,958 | 5,163 | 6,645 | 4,621 | 5,400 | 3,478 | 2,612 | 3,909 | 3,986 |
| Non current liabilities | 13,740 | 12,760 | 12,130 | 13,687 | 16,628 | 19,454 | 18,269 | 19,535 | 19,054 | 18,131 | 19,708 | 20,349 | 24,363 |
| Long-term debt | 10,036 | 9,637 | 9,376 | 10,913 | 13,304 | 15,403 | 13,653 | 13,495 | 11,823 | 11,354 | 11,942 | 12,253 | 14,742 |
| Net assets | 6,380 | 7,110 | 9,758 | 11,762 | 12,097 | 12,699 | 13,552 | 14,575 | 18,497 | 18,768 | 19,337 | 20,522 | 22,157 |
| Total assets | 32,472 | 33,987 | 37,245 | 43,520 | 50,091 | 52,760 | 52,813 | 54,414 | 59,282 | 56,454 | 59,081 | 62,749 | 68,945 |
| | FY2012 | FY2013 | FY2014 | FY2015 | FY2016 | FY2017 | FY2018 | FY2019 | FY2020 | FY2021 | FY2022 | FY2023 | FY2024 |
| Current ratio | 98.8% | 97.2% | 103.5% | 100.8% | 92.5% | 99.8% | 95.1% | 112.2% | 121.5% | 127.4% | 133.2% | 129.9% | 129.6% |
| Fixed ratio | 323.2% | 291.7% | 224.4% | 221.0% | 257.7% | 261.0% | 249.0% | 223.2% | 182.1% | 172.8% | 172.6% | 172.9% | 185.7% |
| Equity ratio | 19.3% | 20.4% | 25.5% | 26.3% | 23.5% | 23.4% | 25.0% | 26.0% | 30.5% | 32.3% | 31.8% | 31.7% | 31.1% |
| D/E ratio | 311.5% | 279.0% | 196.5% | 188.9% | 226.4% | 237.4% | 223.6% | 205.5% | 164.1% | 151.3% | 150.3% | 151.5% | 159.1% |

*FY ended/ending March 31 *Unit: Million yen



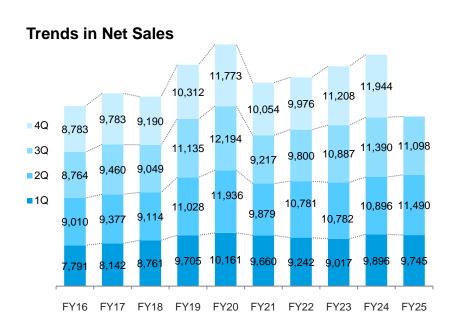
Non-financial highlights

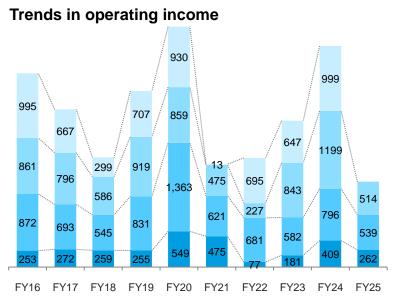
| | FY2015 | FY2016 | FY2017 | FY2018 | FY2019 | FY2020 | FY2021 | FY2022 | FY2023 | FY2024 |
|--|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Number of employees (consolidated) (persons) | 903 | 979 | 1,010 | 1,144 | 1,204 | 1,298 | 1,221 | 1,222 | 1,266 | 1,327 |
| Ratio of women (consolidated) (%) | - | - | - | 31.8 | 30.8 | 32.3 | 34.9 | 36.3 | 33.1 | 35.3 |
| Ratio of foreign nationals (consolidated) (%) | - | - | - | 22.3 | 21.8 | 25.4 | 22.6 | 27.1 | 25.1 | 22.0 |
| Number of new graduates hired (non-consolidated) (people) | - | - | - | 31 | 33 | 43 | 32 | 45 | 27 | 25 |
| Percentage of Women (Non-consolidated) (%) | - | - | - | 41.9 | 27.3 | 37.2 | 34.4 | 24.4 | 51.8 | 40.0 |
| Number of Female Managers (Group) (persons) | - | - | - | 9 | 9 | 13 | 12 | 15 | 15 | 16 |
| Percentage of paid leave taken (non-consolidated) (%) | - | - | - | 47.8 | 48.1 | 47.6 | 52.7 | 54.0 | 65.1 | 70.9 |
| Number of employees taking maternity leave (non-consolidated) (persons) | 4 | 3 | 5 | 12 | 7 | 12 | 7 | 16 | 12 | 13 |
| Number of employees taking childcare leave (non-consolidated) (persons) | 8 | 8 | 6 | 15 | 20 | 11 | 7 | 23 | 17 | 19 |
| Number of employees with reduced childcare work (non-consolidated) (persons) | 0 | 3 | 7 | 7 | 11 | 12 | 11 | 19 | 27 | 30 |
| Average years of service (non-consolidated) (years) | 9.27 | 9.21 | 9.36 | 9.47 | 9.47 | 9.61 | 10.22 | 10.45 | 10.62 | 10.50 |
| Turnover rate (non-consolidated) (%) | 6.0 | 6.6 | 7.7 | 8.2 | 7.8 | 6.9 | 6.5 | 6.2 | 6.5 | 7.9 |
| Number of accidents (non-consolidated) (cases) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 |
| Number of employees with disabilities (non-consolidated) (people) | - | - | - | 8 | 11 | 12 | 12 | 16 | 18 | 17 |
| Percentage of employees with disabilities (non-consolidated) (%) | - | - | - | 1.38 | 1.85 | 1.63 | 1.79 | 2.20 | 2.08 | 2.00 |

*FY ended/ending March 31



Performance Trends

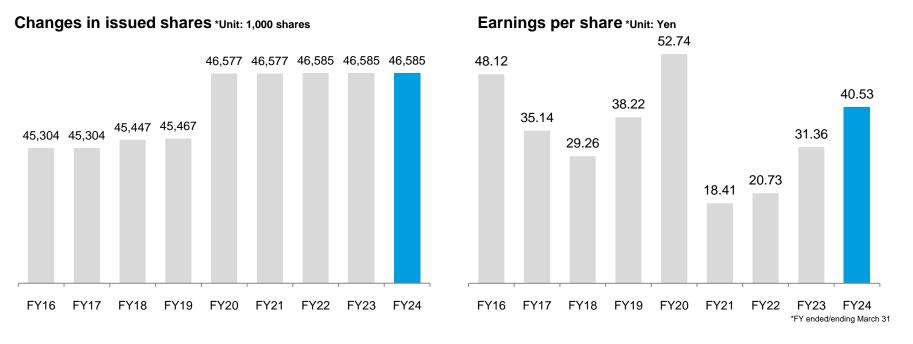




*FY ended/ending March 31 *Unit: Million yen



Number of Shares Issued and Earnings per Share (EPS)





Quarterly Results by Segment (Cumulative)

| *Unit | : Million yen | | Fiscal Year Ende | d March 31, 2024 | | Fiscal Year Ending March 31, 2025 | | | | |
|---------------------------|--|---------|------------------|------------------|---------|-----------------------------------|---------|---------|----|--|
| | | 1Q | 2Q | 3Q | 4Q | 1Q | 2Q | 3Q | 4Q | |
| Platform business | Segment sales | 330 | 800 | 1,569 | 2,796 | 966 | 2,191 | 3,276 | | |
| | Of which, sales to external customers | 330 | 800 | 1,569 | 2,796 | 966 | 2,191 | 3,276 | | |
| | Segment profit | (40) | (199 | 215 | 576 | 110 | 388 | 619 | | |
| | Segment profit margin | (12.3)% | (2.4)% | 13.7% | 20.6% | 11.4% | 17.7% | 18.9% | | |
| (Change from the previous | | - | - | - | - | +192.7% | +173.8% | +108.8% | | |
| | Segment profit | - | - | | • | - | - | +187.5% | | |
| Sales business | Segment sales | 2,806 | 5,545 | 8,542 | 11,338 | 1,859 | 4,624 | 6,905 | | |
| | Of which, sales to external customers | 2,751 | 5,481 | 8,462 | 11,228 | 1,838 | 4,470 | 6,632 | | |
| | Segment profit | 317 | 589 | 1,001 | 1,290 | 74 | 297 | 287 | | |
| | Segment profit margin | 11.3% | 10.6% | 11.7% | 11.4% | 4.0% | 6.4% | 4.2% | | |
| (Change from the prev | ious ear) Segment sales | - | - | - | - | (33.7)% | (16.6)% | (19.2)% | | |
| | Segment profit | - | - | - | - | (76.6)% | (49.5)% | (71.3)% | | |
| Rental business | Segment sales | 6,112 | 12,639 | 19,429 | 26,705 | 6,280 | 13,223 | 20,409 | | |
| | Of which, sales to external customers | 6,097 | 12,603 | 19,367 | 26,615 | 6,209 | 13,102 | 20,230 | | |
| | Segment profit | 650 | 1,617 | 2,667 | 3,654 | 575 | 1,294 | 2,309 | | |
| | Segment profit margin | 10.6% | 12.8% | 13.7% | 13.7% | 9.2% | 9.8% | 11.3% | | |
| (Change from the prev | ious ear) Segment sales | - | - | - | - | +2.8% | +4.6% | +5.0% | | |
| | Segment profit | - | | | - | (11.5)% | (20.0)% | (13.4)% | | |
| Overseas Business | Segment sales | 1,824 | 4,130 | 6,192 | 7,897 | 1,855 | 3,637 | 5,439 | | |
| | Of which, sales to external customers | 717 | 1,907 | 2,784 | 3,488 | 732 | 1,471 | 2,196 | | |
| | Segment profit | 40 | 211 | 328 | 320 | 140 | 265 | 338 | | |
| | Segment profit margin | 2.2% | 5.1% | 5.3% | 4.1% | 7.6% | 7.3% | 6.2% | | |
| (Change from the prev | ious ear) Segment sales | (10.7)% | (7.4)% | (8.5)% | (12.1)% | 1.7% | (11.9)% | (12.2)% | | |
| | Segment profit | (61.9)% | (2.9)% | +0.1% | (20.7)% | +248.0% | +25.5% | +3.0% | | |
| | Total sales | 11,073 | 23,116 | 35,734 | 48,738 | 10,962 | 23,676 | 36,030 | | |
| | Of which, sales to external customers | 9,896 | 20,792 | 32,183 | 44,127 | 9,745 | 21,236 | 32,335 | | |



Quarterly Results by Segment

| *Unit: | : Million yen | | Fiscal Year Ende | d March 31, 2024 | | 1 | Fiscal Year Ending March 31, 2025 | | | | |
|---------------------------------|--|---------|------------------|------------------|---------|---------|-----------------------------------|---------|----|--|--|
| | , | 1Q | 2Q | 3Q | 4Q | 1Q | 2Q | 3Q | 4Q | | |
| Platform business | Segment sales | 330 | 470 | 769 | 1,226 | 966 | 1,224 | 1,085 | | | |
| | Of which, sales to external customers | 330 | 470 | 769 | 1,226 | 966 | 1,224 | 1,085 | | | |
| | Segment profit | (40) | 21 | 235 | 360 | 110 | 278 | 231 | | | |
| | Segment profit margin | (12.3)% | 4.5% | 30.6% | 29.4% | 11.4% | 22.7% | 21.3% | | | |
| (Change from the previous year) | ous ear) | - | - | - | - | +192.7% | +160.6% | +41.1% | | | |
| | Segment profit | - | - | - | - | - | +1,214.2% | (1.6%) | | | |
| Sales business | Segment sales | 2,806 | 2,739 | 2,996 | 2,795 | 1,859 | 2,764 | 2,281 | | | |
| | Of which, sales to external customers | 2,751 | 2,729 | 2,980 | 2,766 | 1,838 | 2,632 | 2,162 | | | |
| | Segment profit | 317 | 271 | 411 | 289 | 74 | 223 | (10) | | | |
| | Segment profit margin | 11.3% | 9.9% | 13.7% | 10.4% | 4.0% | 8.1% | - | | | |
| (Change from the previo | ous ear) Segment sales | - | - | - | | (33.7)% | +0.9% | (23.9)% | | | |
| | Segment profit | | | | | (76.6)% | (17.7)% | - | | | |
| Rental business | Segment sales | 6,112 | 6,527 | 6,789 | 7,276 | 6,280 | 6,942 | 7,186 | | | |
| | Of which, sales to external customers | 6,097 | 6,506 | 6,764 | 7,247 | 6,209 | 6,893 | 7,128 | | | |
| | Segment profit | 650 | 967 | 1,049 | 987 | 575 | 718 | 1,014 | | | |
| | Segment profit margin | 10.6% | 14.8% | 15.5% | 13.6% | 9.2% | 10.3% | 14.1% | | | |
| (Change from the previous | ous ear) Segment sales | - | | | | +2.8% | +6.4% | +5.8% | | | |
| | Segment profit | - | | | | (11.5)% | (25.7)% | (3.3)% | | | |
| Overseas Business | Segment sales | 1,824 | 2,305 | 2,061 | 1,705 | 1,855 | 1,781 | 1,801 | | | |
| | Of which, sales to external customers | 717 | 1,189 | 876 | 703 | 732 | 739 | 725 | | | |
| | Segment profit | 40 | 171 | 116 | (7) | 140 | 125 | 72 | | | |
| | Segment profit margin | 2.2% | 7.4% | 5.6% | (0.4)% | 7.6% | 7.0% | 4.0% | | | |
| (Change from the previo | ous ear) Segment sales | (10.7)% | (4.7)% | (10.8)% | (23.0)% | 1.7% | (22.7) | (12.6)% | | | |
| | Segment profit | (61.9)% | +52.7% | +6.2% | - | +248.0% | (27.0) | (37.8)% | | | |
| | Total sales | 11,073 | 12,042 | 12,617 | 13,004 | 10,962 | 12,714 | 12,354 | | | |
| | Of which, sales to external customers | 9,896 | 10,896 | 11,390 | 11,944 | 9,745 | 11,491 | 11,100 | | | |



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